WHOLE NUMBER 18,127.

RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1910.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

FAMOUS WRANGLE BEFORE CONGRESS

Light Will Be Let Into Ballinger-Pinchot Imbroglio.

NOWHITEWASHING WILL BE ALLOWED

Demand Is Made That Hearing Be Public and Complete No Matter What Bones May Rattle, Speculation Rife as to Personnel of Probing Committee.

their servants and agents.

Sad Commentary.

"It is a sad commentary upon the state of public opinion that the moment a man accepts a public office he becomes a scoundrel in the eyes of many of our people, and his previous life of honesty and rectitude is no warrant of official integrity. His acts are misconstrued and his motives questioned. Instinuation and inundees are freely made under the guise of the public welfare, but in reality to foster some private interest. Popular views are taken advantage of to discredit an official who, after investigating all phases of a subject, may reach a decision at variance with some private, interest, "Many do not stop to think how seldom have government officials gone astray compared with their opportunities and temptations for wrong-doing. In the hundred and twonty-liev and the control of the disordited explorers wife, made a disordited explorers wife provided the made and the public wife and the chance that they be sailly missing, and the chance that they be still missing, and the chance that they still missing, and the chance that

private, interest,
"Many do not stop to think how seldom have government officials gonoralized and temptations for wrong-doing. In the hundred and twenty-five years of our national life few of the men in high positions have been actuated by other than the highest and most patriotic motives. This should cause our people to hesitate to accept charges of base conduct against their public servants without investigation and proof.

"The press and magazines of the country for several months have been filled with charges against the present Secretary of the Interior and his conduct of the office he holds. These charges range from petty insinuations and inuendoes to direct charges of malfeasance and misconduct in office, which, if true, show that he has most unworthilty discharged his trust. A moment's thought should cause an honest and fair-minded man to hesitate to accept such charges against a mun whose whole life heretofore has been one of the highest rectitude, and against whom no dishonorable charge has ever been made in either private or public life.

Builinger's Record.

"Such a main is the present Secre
"Such a main is the present Secre
Member of Family Tells Why He Remains in Hiding.

Member of Family Tells Why He Remains in Hiding.

NEW YORK, January 5.—Another member of the Cook family, this time Mars, Josephine Dudley, a sister of the Mars, Josephine Dudley, as a sister of the Cook family, this time Mars, Josephine Dudley, as a sister of the Cook family, this time Mars, Josephine Dudley, as a sister of the Cook f

KNOX HAS PEACE PLAN

Would Clothe Prize Court With

AT THE PIE COUNTER

MANY PERISH AT SEA

"The various departments and bureaus of the government are or can light that promised good fishing, the men ventured to the outer edge of terests of the people. Every official is but the servant and agent of the people to act for them under and within the limits of the law. The efficiency of public service depends much upon the confidence of the people in the honesty and integrity of their servants and agents.

Sad Commentary.

"It is a sad commentary upon the state of public opinion that the moment a man accepts a public office he becomes a secundrel in the eyes of many of our people, and his previous probles."

Taft would lend his aid to an effort to daminister castigation to them for daminister castigation to them for administer castigation to them for all unawares. Lured by a fine that promised good fishing, the product of the people and the product of the paddock fishing grounds. At noon the storm came up with great rapidity, and in a period measured by minutes formed into a gale, the temperature full many degrees, and thick snow obscured the view, so that many of the storm came up with great rapidity, and in a period measured by minutes formed into a gale, the temperature full many degrees, and thick snow obscured to make hardour the view, so that many of the storm came up with great rapidity, and in a period measured by minutes formed into a gale, the temperature full many degrees, and thick snow obscured to make hardour the view, so that many of the storm came up withing read to the more rapidity, and in a period measured by minutes. Formed into a gale, the temperature full con-mile-an-hour wind was transfer taxified or purporting the very principles and cumporting the very principles and component of the product of the pro

PATRONAGE CLUB IS BEING WIELDED HOPE OF RESCUE

No "Pie" Unless Eaten Stranger Faced Horrors at the Administration Table.

NO ATTEMPT MADE | FELL EXHAUSTED TO DENY CHARGE

Insurgents Are Bitter in Denunciation of Policy Inaugurated by Taft to "Whip" Them Into Line-Cannot Be Swerved by Official

Taft's Side of Case.

party is committed.
"It is slanderous to say that we can

"It is slanderous to say that we can be swerved from the course of supporting these reforms by the withholding of any of the patronage by anybody or be induced to support this or that proposition by the offering of official sop of any kind.
"It is not the insurgents of the House, but men like Aldrich and Cannon whom the President will have induce to support his 'policies.'"
Representative Hayes, of California, said to-day that he would call a meeting of the insurgents next week to ascertain from the President where they stood.

PEACE IS IN SIGHT

Estrada's Representative Leaves to Confer With Madris.

MANAGUA, January 5.—Managua is jubilant to-night over the prospects of early peace. President Madris made public this evening a telegram which he had received from General Fornts Diaz, one of the leaders in General Estrada's insurgent army, saying that he was leaving Rama for Managua to discuss the situation with the President, General Diaz's telegram was as follows:

DOOLEY SAW NO

of Death in Freezing Canal.

AT WATER'S EDGE

Theodoric Nunnally Stumbled Over Apparently Dead Body Yesterday Morning, and Summoned Ambulance, After Giving Relief That Saved Life.

City Home yesterday afternoon, is that exertion, he fell into unconsciousness. Nunnally says that Dooley made no for the ambulance, as he believed the coroner would more than likely be signs of life, about 6 o'clock yesterday morning, the ambulance was summon-ed, and he was removed to the City

As a result of his night in the water and on the bank Dooley may

months, if ever. Dooley claims to man-relatives in Elizabeth, and was on his way there when the accident overtook him. The physician says another hour him. The would have resulted fa-

Thought He Was Dead.

Thought He Was Dead.

Nunnally says he was making a short cut to his home up the railroad and was about to turn off the track when the object, which he did not recognize at first as the body of a man, attracted his attention. After making the discovery he went to his home, and there secured helpers. Three men assisted him in moving Dooley to the house. The general impression with

seeing signs of life caused them not to seek professional assistance in furnishing stimulants.

One foot was half under water when the body was found, and the lower half of the body was incased in ice. The rain was not falling at the time, which was fortunate for Dooley, whe could not have withstood any more than he had slready undergone. The attention given the stranger before the ambulance arrived was entirely external, as he was in no condition to swallow warm drinks of any kind. It was necessary to cut the clothing from the body, as the limbs were much swollen.

BATTLESHIP STICKS IN MUD

Pulled On in An Hour's Time Without Suffering Any Damage, NORFOLK, VA., January 5.—Round-ing Lambert's Point, under the neces-

GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

lquer Man Confesses and Pays Fine

RAILWAY MEN CONFER

CONGRESSMAN DIES

ond Georgia District, died suddenly at his home here late this afternoon of appoplexy.

Sorrow Among Colleagues, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 5.— Sorrow was expressed by all of his colleagues in the House of Representacolleagues in the House of Representa-tives when they learned to-night of the sudden death of Representative Griggs, of Georgia, at his home in that State. Representative Clark, of Mis-souri, Democratic leader of the House,

volsed his deep sorrow and declared that Mr. Griggs was a brilliant member sisted him in moving Dooley to the house. The general impression with Nunnally and his helpers was that the man was dead, and the excitement of seeing signs of life caused them not to seek professional assistance in furble to the seek professional assistance in furble to the national body, would be seen as a simulant. severely felt."
Re-elected to the session of Congress

Re-elected to the session of Congress which met only a month ago, Mr. Griggs had served as a member of six previous sessions of the national legislative body. As a member of the ways and means committee and of the conference committee, Mr. Griggs was especially active during the special session of Congress, which last year passed the new tariff bill, Having been popular on both sides of the House, it passed the new tariff bill, liaving been popular on both sides of the House, it was declared to-night that the death of the Georgian will be felt by a majority of the members of the House as a personal loss.

GRAND ARMY TOO TARDY

Not in Its Power to Have Lee Status

Clied with charges against the present Secretary or the Interior and his conduct, of the office he holds. The charges range from petty insinuations and inuendoes to direct charges and interior and his conduct in office charges range from petty insinuations and inuendoes to direct charges and interior and his conduct in office, which if true, show that, he has more than the country of the interior, the is cover been made in either private or public life.

Builluge's Record.

"Such a man is the present Secretary of the Interior, the is cover giffly years of age, an honered graduate of with the present Service and State Plates and

BILL LEGALIZING PRIMARY DRAFTED BY SUBCOMMITTEE

Adoption of Plan Is Left to Determination of Leaders of Each Party, Compulsory Clause Being Omitted.

GENERAL ELECTION LAWS TO APPLY

Judges to Be Paid by Counties or Cities-No. Restrictions Placed on Expenditures of Candidates-Nominating Convention Provided For, With Delegates Selected in Primary. Newspapers Must Mark All Paid Political Matter as Advertising—New Bill Drawn by Robert Gilliam, of Petersburg.

After a session lasting several hours | which they thought should be incor-sterday, the subcommittee of the porated in the measure.. vesterday, the subcommittee of the

the measure presented by Committee-man Robert Gilliam, of Petersburg, the member of the subcommittee from the

Committee, acted as secretary of the

trict, Joseph Button, of Appomattox. Mr. Garrett, who is a member of the Mr. Garrett, who is a member of the State Committee, took the place of Raleigh T. Green, who is out of the State, while Colonel Button took that of I. P. Whitchead, of Nelson. E. W. Carpenter, of Rockingham, in the Seventh District, was reported to be en route to Richmond, but did not appear at the meeting. Nothing was heard from the ninth. Enabling Resolution.

The subcommittee first considered the State Convention in Roanoke is

the State Convention in Roanoke in 1908, under which this meeting was held. That resolution provided: "That all resolutions regarding the primary be referred to the Democratic State Central Committee, and that that Stake Central Committee, and that that body be, and hereby is, instructed to make such changes in the primary election plan as shall tend to cheapen the cost of candidacy, relating solely to the question of expense; to throw legal safeguards about primaries, and to provide that primary elections shall be held after full public notice, not the safety nor more than nilety. less than sixty nor more than ninety days before the ensuing regular election; and it is further authorized and instructed to put into effect such rules necessary to promote such results and to prepare and present to the next session of the Legislature a bill to legalize and protect all primaries in every ize and protect all primaries in every part of the State."

Three Bills Considered.

An informal discussion of the history, practical application and future of the primary was participated in after which the members of the subcommittee were entertained at lunch by Mr. Ellyson. In the afternoon consideration of the subject was resumed. The Byrd law, copies of which had been placed in the hands of the committeemen, was gone over and the members expressed their opinions of the provisions of this act may present the provisions of this act may present the provisions of the act may present the such rules and regulations for the provisions. Colonel J. E. West had been placed in the hands of the comimitteemen, was gone over and the
imembers expressed their opinions of
its provisions. Colonel J. E. West had
a bill, as had Robert Gilliam. Everybody had suggestions as to provisions

It soon became evident that timent was practically by all aspirants for office in primaries as well as in regular elections. Other features of the Byrd bill were likewise deemed unwise, and it was felt that no public demand existed for them.

down by the State Convention, and that this requirement was met by the Gilliam bill, which was accordingly made the party's bill by general agree ment.

case may be, on the same day, provident following were present;

First District, T. J. Downing, of Lancaster; Second District, J. E. West, of Nansemond; Third District, Clyde W. Saunders, of Richmond; Fourth District, Robert Gilliam, of Petersburg;

prescribe.
Section 4. It shall be unlawful for

Section 4. It shall be unlawful for any owner, proprietor, editor, manager, officer, clerks, agent, reporter, or employe of any newspaper, magazine or periodical printed or published in this State to take, accept, or receive, or agree to take, accept, or receive, either directly or indirectly, for himself or any other person, persons, firm or corporation, either by himself or any other person or persons, firm or corporation, any money, gratuity or other valuable consideration or article of value for or on account of, or as a er valuable consideration or article of value for or on account of, or as a consideration for such newspaper, magazine or other periodical support-ing, favoring or advocating the elec-tion or defeat of any candidate or cussuch owner, proprietor, editor, manager, officer, elerk, agent, reporter or employe of any newspaper, magazing or other periodical violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than

fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for each offense.

Provided, however, that nothing herein shall prevent any person or persons, firm or corporation engaged in the publication of any newspaper, magnine or periodical from receiving from any person for publication and publishing any matter, article or articles advocating the election or defeat of any candidate or candidates and receiving from such person a consideration therefor, if such article so published or printed have placed at the beginning thereof in plain type in black-face Roman capitals in a considerations place the statement: "Paid